

Introduction to horse care

		Notes for guidance
Health and Safety	I can give examples of appropriate clothing to wear on a yard I know who to report accidents or incidents to at my yard I can list potential hazards I may come across on a yard I can outline a basic hygiene procedure to follow	 Appropriate clothing: for general yard work; leading a horse. Includes hat, gloves, suitable boots and clothing suitable to the weather. No flapping or loose clothing; long hair tied back; jewellery kept to a minimum Accidents or Incidents: we recommend a full yard tour is given as part of the induction to the course. Topics covered to include accident and incident procedure; who to report to, first aiders, location of first aid kit, fire exits and assembly points, not to feed or approach horses without permission/supervision, horses they are not allowed to handle Potential hazards could include: uneven or slippy ground, horses they are not allowed to handle, where mucking out tools are stored, potential trip hazards, stacked hay bales, shavings pallets Basic hygiene procedure: don't pat/touch horses that are new or unfamiliar, wash hands after handling horses particularly before eating/drinking, horses have individual grooming kit, headcollars, feed and water buckets
Behaviour and identification	I can describe the behaviour and facial expressions of: a) a relaxed or asleep horse b) a grumpy or threatened horse c) an alert horse I can define the following terms:	 <i>Relaxed/asleep horse</i>: two of the following; resting one hind leg, head and neck lowered, eyes may be closed, ears relaxed. They could also be lying down <i>Grumpy/threatened horse</i>: two of the following; ears back, head and neck stretched out forward, lips curled back showing teeth, ears flat back, head and neck moving side to side, maybe see whites of eyes <i>Alert horse</i>: two of the following: ears forward or facing direction of noise, not resting a leg (standing square but do not need to know this term at this level) <i>Mare</i>: a female horse <i>Gelding</i>: a castrated male horse

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	a) mare	 Horse: measuring 14.2 hh or above
	b) gelding	Pony: measuring under 14.2hh
	c) horse	 Please note terms such as filly, colt, stallion are covered in Bronze and not required at this level <i>Colours:</i> three of the following; grey, chestnut, bay, black, piebald. More colours covered in Bronze
	d) pony	
	I can identify:	 Points of horse: five of the following: muzzle, nostril, ears, eye, neck, mane,
	a) three horse colours	withers, back, quarters, tail, hock, cannon bone (front and hind), fetlock (front and hind), hoof, chestnut, knee, shoulder, chest, barrel. More points
	b) five points of the horse	covered in Bronze
Horse health	I can list the five basic welfare needs	 Basic welfare needs: Adapted from the five freedoms; Access to shelter,
and feeding	I can describe a suitable environment	access to food and water, access to company, freedom to express natural behaviour, to be free from pain and suffering
	for a stabled horse	 Suitable stabled environment: two of the following; hay, water, bedding,
	I can identify two signs of good	stable big enough for horse to move around in and get up and down comfortably, positioned so they can see other horses (can be linked to five
	health	freedoms, above)
	I can list:	 Signs of good health: two of the following bright eyes, shiny coat, interested in surroundings, alert, standing evenly on all four legs,
	a) two rules of feeding	eating/drinking normally. More signs of good and ill health covered in
	b) two suitable treats for	 Bronze and Silver Rules of feeding: two of the following; fresh, clean water freely available
	horses	main part of diet should be hay, haylage or grass (fibre, but participant
	I can describe the difference	doesn't need to list fibre at this level), do not ride horse directly after a bucket feed, keep water and feed buckets clean, horse should eat roughly
	between hay, haylage and straw	the same amount each day(weighing feed). Rules of feeding covered in
	I can fill a haynet	 more detail in Bronze Suitable treats: two of the following or others; specific horse treats, mints,
	I can check a turnout area for safety	 carrots/parsnips (sliced appropriately), apples, bananas, turnips. Hay: should feel dry to the touch, be golden/green in colour
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Handling and	I know what safety precautions to	 Haylage: damp to touch, distinctive smell, stored wrapped in plastic Straw: used for bedding, bright golden yellow, flatter and wider stems than hay Fill a haynet: Should be able to select hay or haylage and fill a haynet to level specified. Do not need to weigh haynets at this level Turnout area checks: two of the following; free from rubbish, fencing safe and in good repair, clean water trough, droppings picked up Safety precautions before entering stable: is this a horse they are allowed
leading	consider before entering a stable I can approach a horse safely I can put on and take off a headcollar I can handle a horse in a stable I can lead and turn a horse in walk	 b) by the control of by the charge statistics is this to the part of the control of the

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		horse so leader is on the outside of the turn. Quiet horse or pony to be used for leading in a small, secure environment (ie not an open field). Participant does not need to lead the horse out from the stable – this is covered in Bronze.
Tack and equipment	 a) a bridle b) a saddle I can take off a horse's saddle and carry it safely I can describe the difference between a turnout and a stable rug I can give an example when a stable 	 Saddle: three of the following; girth, girth straps, seat, saddle flap More parts of the bridle and saddle are covered in Bronze Take off a saddle: undo girth and put this over saddle, stand on left side of horse, left hand at front of saddle, right hand under back of saddle, slide saddle towards you gently. Carry it so the arm is under the gullet, girth not dragging on floor Turnout rug: waterproof, usually no stitching on outside of body. Used when horse is outside in cold temperatures Stable rug: not waterproof, quilted appearance, lengthways stitching usually visible over the body. Used when horse is inside in cold temperatures Brushing a horse: groom in direction of hair, soft body brush on bony
	I can use a body brush, dandy brush and mane and tail comb I can pick up a front foot	 areas, dandy brush to be used on fleshy areas, some pressure behind strokes to bring up dust. This is not intended to be a full groom, just a brush off before/after riding for example. <i>Pick up a front foot:</i> in preparation for picking out feet (covered in Bronze) Positioned in correct place (to side of front leg, facing towards tail), running hand down leg, speaking to horse, supporting hoof with hand, placing down gently.