

Name		Level	Introduction
Торіс	About the horse	Lesson	1 of 7
Subject	Safety on the yard	Location	Yard
Resources &	Quiet horses and ponies used to being handled by novices, correctly		
Requirements	fitting headcollars and lead ropes.		

Time	Activity			
10 mins	INTRODUCTION: Welcome, introduce members if they do not know each other already. Safety information Information about course and how it is to be delivered over the nextweeks Check hats are current standard			
40 mins	<ul> <li>ACTIVITIES:</li> <li>Safety First <ol> <li>Health and Safety – take the group on a tour of the yard and the facilities, even if they are regular clients there will areas that they are not familiar with. Go through the yard rules – what should they do when they first arrive, areas of the yard they are not allowed, biosecurity rules (wash hands after touching horses, use the horses own equipment and other rules relevant to your yard). Are there any horses that they are not allowed access to?</li> <li>Introduce them to the horses they will be working with. Talk through safety precautions such as not going in stables without permission, how to behave around horses, how to pass horses safely and what to do if the group member is not sure or feels unconfident.</li> <li>Start with one friendly horse in stable and discuss how to approach a horse in the stable, include their field of vision. Discuss how to decide if it is safe to approach, how to give them a pat and say hello!</li> <li>Why it is important to recognise signs horse is giving e.g. facial expressions. From outside the stables observe the horses from a distance and identify their facial expressions. Talk about what you see. Talk about how a horses behaviour can change depending on the situation e.g. feed time, turnout, another getting too close to stable</li> <li>Take group to a stable, ask them to identify if it is safe to approach. Have a headcollar suitable for the horse next to the stable. Ask group what they know about a headcollar and how to put it on. Why would you use one.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>their facial expressions. Talk about what you see. Talk about how a horses behaviour can change depending on the situation e.g. feed time, turnout, another getting too close to stable</li> <li>5. Take group to a stable, ask them to identify if it is safe to approach. Have a headcollar suitable for the horse next to the stable. Ask group what they know about a headcollar and how to put it on. Why would you use one.</li> <li>6. Demonstrate how to go into the stable, move the horse back and put on</li> </ul>			



	<ul> <li>(give some guidance as to how tight it should be e.g. not hanging off!). Hold the lead rope safely. Awareness of where your feet are!</li> <li>7. How to move the horse over in the stable</li> <li>8. How to take the headcollar off again, roll up the rope and hang it up.</li> <li>9. Individually group to put on headcollar under your guidance and take it off, focus on the positioning and confidence around the horse. Set the rest of the group practicing rolling up leadropes</li> <li>Be aware of the confidence of the group throughout, some people may be more confident with smaller horses/ponies until they are more familiar with what they are doing</li> </ul>			
10 mins	SUMMARY Safety on the yard and yard procedure Questions			
<b>PROGRESSION</b> Confidence around horses, able to put headcollar on under supervision, position				
	themselves safely around horses			



Name		Level	Introduction
Торіс	About the horse	Lesson	2 of 7
Subject	Leading	Location	Yard
Resources & RequirementsQuiet horses or ponies used to being handled by no fitting headcollars, safe area to practise leading - ca other enclosed space			

Time	Activity		
	INTRODUCTION:		
	Welcome		
	Safety information		
10	Make sure everyone suitable dressed for leading horses – hat, gloves, footwear		
mins	Introduce session on leading and discuss how to behave and move around the		
	horse. Recap on horse behaviour and expressions – how do they know it is safe to		
	approach.		
	ACTIVITIES:		
	1. Introduce group to horses they are using. Ask group to spend some time		
	over stable door getting to know their horse (pairs or small groups). While		
	the group are doing this talk about what can they remember from session		
	last week, what you are going to do in this session?		
	2. Bring group together to talk about leading safely and considerations – PPE		
	why wear hat, gloves, boots. Using one horse demonstrate how to go into		
	the stable and put the headcollar on – encourage group to join in by asking		
	them to call out the steps to follow or ask them open questions		
40 mins	3. Talk about and demonstrate how to position yourself to lead the horse out		
	of the stable – door open wide enough (remember the saddle if leading out		
	to lesson), might have to be slightly ahead of the horse to fit out the door.		
	Position of hands on leadrope (why don't wind end of leadrope around		
	hand). Using your voice to ask horse to walk on and halt		
	4. Demonstrate how to lead and turn the horse explaining each step. Show		
	them the difference between turning the horse away from you and		
	towards you. Demonstrate what could happen if you are standing too far in		



	front of the horse or too far back
	5. In pairs or small groups put headcollers on horses and under your
	supervision/guidance lead them out. Give clear directions on how the
	groups are to do this. Talk about spacing between horses.
	6. Everyone to practice leading and turning a horse under guidance
	7. Focus on positioning – not getting ahead of the horse, not pulling horse
	along, how to 'push' the horse around the turn and walk with them.
	8. Swap horses between the group so each member has a turn at leading
	several horses. Make sure each member is supported.
	9. How to lead the horse back into the stable, take off headcollar and roll up
	rope
	SUMMARY
	Questions on leading
10	General questions from group
mins	Could use 'how am I doing' feedback sheets to help gauge confidence levels within
	group
	PROGRESSION
Contir	nue to build confidence around horses and when leading, able to put headcollar on
	horse and lead it out the stable safely with minimal supervision



Name		Level	Introduction
Торіс	About the horse	Lesson	3 of 7
Subject	Describing horses and ponies	Location	Yard
Resources &	Selection of mares and geldings, access to horses and ponies of		
Requirements	various colours and heights,		

Time	Activity					
	NTRODUCTION:					
10	Welcome					
mins	Safety information					
	Introduce session on how to describe horses					
	ACTIVITIES:					
	1. Talk about why you might need to describe horses and ponies and what					
	can you use to describe horses, (in this case: height (horse or pony), colour,					
	mare or gelding).					
	2. What is the difference between a horse and a pony? Talk about or					
	demonstrate how to measure height and the difference between a pony					
	and horse. Compare heights of horses and ponies on the yard, can they					
	sort them into groups of horse or pony. Biggest compared to smallest!					
	3. Ask the group if they know of any colours already. Move around the yard					
	and look at different horses and ponies and describe their colour. Look at a					
40	variety of colours and compare the differences e.g. bay/black,					
mins	skewbald/piebald. Can the participants name the colour of their favourite					
	horses? Can include leg or face markings.					
	4. Split into small groups or pairs for a task – can they find out how many					
	chestnut horses (or mare/geldings) are stabled on the yard, no of ponies vs					
	horses, who is the biggest/smallest, what colour are they, can you find the					
	name of a black pony gelding Use similar tasks to encourage the group					
	to look at the horses and describe their sex and colour.					



	SUMMARY	
	Description of colours	
10	Answers to questions in task 4	
mins		

### PROGRESSION

Encourage participants to describe or name the colour of the horse they are working with or riding. Encourage them to use the correct terms to describe mares and geldings.



Name		Level	Introduction
Торіс	About the horse	Lesson	4 of 7
Subject	Points of the horse	Location	Yard
Resources & Requirements	Handouts for labelling points of the horse Quiet horses/ponies used to novice handlers working round them and happy to be labelled!		

Time	Activity
	INTRODUCTION:
	Welcome
10	Safety information
mins	Recap safe handling, positioning, PPE, how to put headcollar on
40 mins	<ol> <li>ACTIVITIES:         <ol> <li>Put headcollar on horse and use as demo! Remind group how to approach and handle the horse safely, e.g. run hand along back before touching hindquarters etc.</li> <li>Ask participants if they know any points of the horse and to locate them</li> <li>Work through some basic points of the horse. Include details such as why horses have chestnuts, ergots. Where the horses knee cap/elbow is compared to ours. Can compare position of joints between horse and human for interest.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Split into pairs or small groups with horse each, Using sticky labels, ask groups to label points of the horse they have learnt (make sure horses are happy to have labels stuck on beforehand!) or discuss in their groups.</li> <li>Finish with points of horse hand out. Can do this as a competition or as a group exercise by naming points they have to label. Person who gets the most right wins</li> </ol>
10 mins	SUMMARY Questions and check handouts filled in correctly
	<b>PROGRESSION</b> Participants able to name and locate points of the horse confidently



# Session Plan for: Introduction to Horse Care



Name		Level	Introduction
Торіс	About the horse	Lesson	5 of 7
Subject	Grooming	Location	Yard
Resources &	Grooming kit		
Requirements	Quiet horses/ponies used to novice handlers working round them		
Requirements	and happy to be groomed		

Time		Activity	
	INTRO	DUCTION:	
10 mins	Welcome		
	Safety information		
	Recap how to put the headcollar on and move around the horse safely		
	Introduce grooming		
	ACTIVITIES:		
	1.	Discuss reasons for grooming,	
	2.	Show and name items in a basic grooming kit	
	3.	Demonstrate how to use dandy brush and body brush. Talk about the	
		'bony' or sensitive areas of the horse and which brush is most suitable to	
		use. Positioning, awareness of horse reactions, which direction to brush in,	
		amount of pressure to use. How to groom the head (undo	
		headcollar/leadrope and why). Talk about picking out the feet and	
		demonstrate how to pick up a front leg. (they are not required to pick out	
		feet at this level) Show how to support the hoof and replace the foot	
40 mins		without dropping it	
	4.	Allocate a horse each or between pairs for group to practice grooming	
	5.	With each participant in turn talk through and help them to pick up a front	
		foot	
	6.	Talk about the horses coat and how it changes throughout the year	
		(summer coat to winter woollies!) If any horses are clipped show them how	
		to fold the rug back to keep the horse warm.	
	7.	Demonstrate how to brush through the tail, either with body brush, hair	
		brush, fingers and discuss reasons for doing so	
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10 mins	<b>SUMMARY</b> Reasons for grooming. Which areas of the horse to use a soft brush on. Reactions from the horse to be aware of.
	PROGRESSION Increase confidence handling and working around horses and ponies



Name		Level	Introduction
Торіс	About the horse	Lesson	6 of 7
Subject	Health and Welfare	Location	Yard and classroom
Resources & Access to horses/ponies in stable or field			
RequirementsHay barn or samples of hay/haylage/straw for comparison		comparison	

Time	Activity		
	INTRODUCTION:		
10	Welcome		
mins	Safety information		
	Introduce health and welfare of the horse		
	ACTIVITIES:		
	1. Discuss as a group the basic welfare needs of all animals and how these		
	relate to the horse:		
	<ul><li>Food and water</li><li>Shelter</li></ul>		
	<ul> <li>Company</li> </ul>		
	Freedom to express natural behaviour		
	Be free from pain and suffering		
	2. How can we tell if a horse is healthy (free from pain/suffering)		
	Create a list of basic signs of health such as: interested in what is going on,		
	eating, droppings in stable, standing evenly, bright eyes, clear nose. Take		
40	group to yard to look at horses for signs of health		
40 mins	3. Food and water – look at how hay and water is provided in the stable.		
	Include methods of feeding hay- haynet/on floor/hay rack/bar. Introduce		
	basic rules of feeding: clean water, fibre diet, clean buckets, weigh feed.		
	4. Talk about good and bad food/treats for horses and demonstrate how to		
	feed a treat. Include horse behaviour here – treats can encourage nipping,		
	bargy behaviour, fighting between horses if in barn/field situation		
	5. In hay barn or with samples of hay/haylage/straw – can group identify		
	differences between them		
	6. Watch horses in field/turnout area if possible and discuss the shelter		



	available and basic field checks. How the horses interact with each other,	
	discuss horses are herd animals and need companionship.	
	SUMMARY	
10 mins	Recap on the 5 welfare needs of the horse. Write down some ideas on how these	
	needs can be met	
	Why it is important to be able to tell the difference between hay/haylage/straw	
PROGRESSION		
Learn the 9 rules of feeding and their reasons		
Fill and weigh haynets for a specific horse		



Name		Level	Introduction
Торіс	About the horse	Lesson	7 of 7
Subject	Tack and equipment	Location	Tackroom and yard
Resources & Requirements	Access to horses/ponies in and turnout rugs Saddles and bridles	stable wearing rug	s or examples of stable

Time	Activity		
	INTRODUCTION:		
10	Welcome		
mins	Safety information		
	Introduce session on parts of tack and rugs		
	ACTIVITIES:		
	1. In tackroom; talk about the layout and how to identify the correct items of		
	tack/equipment and why each horse has its own tack and why you should		
	not use it on other horses. Include any rules! Talk about the price of tack,		
	(non-horse owners often don't realise the cost) and why they should be		
	careful handling it. Demonstrate how to carry the tack safely.		
	2. On saddle- run through the parts of the saddle they may already be		
	familiar with: stirrups irons, girth. Can give a handout for group to label.		
40	3. Repeat with bridle – it can be easier to teach parts of the bridle when the		
mins	bridle is on the horses head as it allows people to see where each part lies.		
	4. Demonstrate how to twist and untwist the reins through the throatlash and		
	allow participants to practice.		
	5. On the yard look at a variety of rugs and talk about when and why you		
	would use them. Compare a turn out and a stable rug. Demonstrate how		
	to take a rug off (leg straps!) especially if they are likely to come across		
	horses with rugs over tack before a lesson		



10 mins	SUMMARY Questions and answers on parts of bridle and saddle Reasons why rugs are used	
	PROGRESSION	
Participants are able to assist with collecting tack and tacking up		
	Learn how to put on and take off a rug	